

# Topological expansive Lorenz maps with a hole at the critical point

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- Background
- Main results

# 1. Background

- Discrete dynamical system  $(X, f)$ , where  $X = [0, 1]$  and  $f : X \rightarrow X$  is continuous with positive topological entropy. Let  $H \subseteq X$  be a connected subinterval, called the hole. **Survivor set:**

$$S_f(H) = \{x \in X : f^n(x) \notin H \forall n \geq 0\} = X \setminus \bigcup_{n=0}^{\infty} f^{-n}(H).$$

- The survivor set  $S_f(H)$  depends on (1) the map  $f$ , (2) the size of  $H$  and (3) the position of  $H$ .

# Devil's staircase

- **Urbański (1986):** Let  $f = T_2 = 2x \pmod{1}$  with a hole  $(0, t)$ . Then

$$\eta_2 : t \mapsto \dim_{\mathcal{H}} S_2(t)$$

is a devil's staircase, that is,  $\eta_2$  is decreasing, and  $\eta_2$  is constant Lebesgue almost everywhere.

- **Kalle, Kong, Langeveld & Li (2020):** Let  $f = T_{\beta}(x) = \beta x \pmod{1}$  with a hole  $(0, t)$ , where  $\beta \in (1, 2]$  be fixed. The dimension function

$$\eta_{\beta} : t \mapsto \dim_{\mathcal{H}} S_{\beta}(t)$$

is a devil's staircase.

- **Langeveld & Samuel (2023):** Let  $f = T_{\beta, \alpha}(x) = \beta x + \alpha \pmod{1}$  with a hole  $(0, t)$ , where  $\beta \in (1, 2]$  and  $\alpha \in (0, 2 - \beta)$  be fixed. Then

$$\eta_{\beta, \alpha} : t \mapsto \dim_{\mathcal{H}} S_{\beta, \alpha}(t)$$

is a devil's staircase.

# Devil's staircase

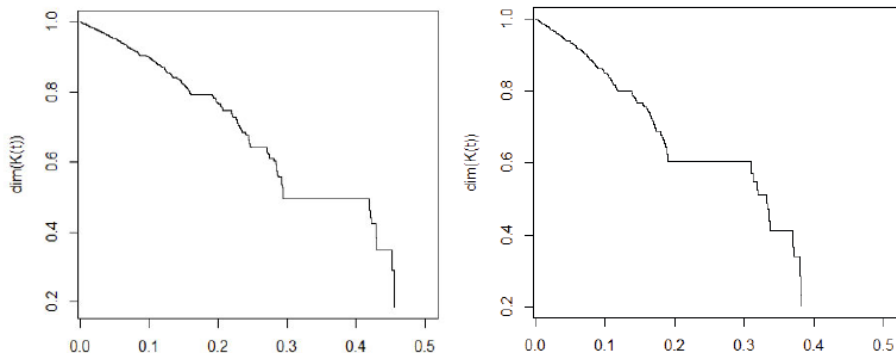


Figure: Left:  $\eta_\beta : t \mapsto \dim_{\mathcal{H}} S_\beta(t)$  where  $\beta$  is tribonacci number.

Right:  $\eta_{\beta,\alpha} : t \mapsto \dim_{\mathcal{H}} S_{\beta,\alpha}(t)$  where  $\beta$  is golden mean and  $\alpha = 1 - \beta/2$ .

A **Lorenz map** on  $X = [0, 1]$  is an interval map  $f : X \rightarrow X$  with a critical point  $c \in (0, 1)$  such that

(i)  $f$  is strictly increasing on  $[0, c)$  and on  $(c, 1]$ ;

(ii)  $\lim_{x \uparrow c} f(x) = 1$ ,  $\lim_{x \downarrow c} f(x) = 0$ .

$f$  is called **expansive Lorenz map** if additionally the preimage set  $C(f) = \bigcup_{n \geq 0} f^{-n}(c)$  of  $c$  is dense in  $X$ .

## Questions:

- 1 Can we extend the results from  $T_{\beta, \alpha}$  to expansive Lorenz maps?
- 2 If we consider the hole near  $c$ , is there any relationship between the holes  $(0, t)$  and  $(a, b) \ni c$ ? Can we still have the devil's staircase?

## 2. Main results



Denote  $ELM$  as the set of expansive Lorenz maps. Let  $S_f(a, b) := \{x \in [0, 1] : f^n(x) \notin (a, b), \forall n \geq 0\}$ , and  $S_f^+(a, b) := \{x \in [0, 1] : f(b) \leq f^n(x) \leq f(a) \forall n \geq 0\}$ .

## Proposition (S.-Li-Ding, 2024)

- 1  $S_f(a, b) \setminus S_f^+(a, b)$  is countable and

$$h_{top}(f|_{S_f(a, b)}) = h_{top}(f|_{S_f^+(a, b)}).$$

- 2 Let  $f \in ELM$  with a hole  $(a, b)$ . Then the case  $a = c$  is equivalent to the hole  $(0, f(b))$ .

# Main results

## Theorem 1 (S.-Li-Ding, 2024)

Let  $f \in ELM$  with a hole  $(a, b)$ . If  $\tau_f(b+)$  is periodic, then there exists a maximal plateau  $I(b)$  such that for all  $b' \in I(b)$ ,  $S_f^+(a, b') = S_f^+(a, b)$ . The endpoints of  $I(b)$  are also characterized.

## Theorem 2 (S.-Li-Ding, 2024)

Let  $f \in ELM$  with ergodic a.c.i.m.. Then the entropy function

$$\lambda_f(a) : b \mapsto h_{top}(f|S_f(a, b))$$

is a devil's staircase, where  $a$  is fixed.

## Corollary (S.-Li-Ding, 2024)

Let  $f = T_{\beta, \alpha}$  with a hole  $(a, b)$  where  $a \in [0, \frac{1-\alpha}{\beta}]$  is fixed. Then the dimension function  $\eta_f(a) : b \mapsto \dim_{\mathcal{H}}(S_f(a, b))$  is a devil's staircase.

**Question:** If we consider the case  $(a, b) \subsetneq (0, c)$ , can we still obtain the devil's staircase with  $a$  being fixed? The problem is that the tools from Lorenz shifts cannot be used directly.

## References:

1. Urbánski M. On Hausdorff dimension of invariant sets for expanding maps of a circle *Ergod. Th. & Dynam. Sys.* 6 295-309 (1986)
2. Kalle C, Kong D, Langeveld N and Li W. The  $\beta$ -transformation with a hole at 0 *Ergod. Th. & Dynam. Sys.* 40 2482-2514 (2020)
3. Langeveld N and Samuel T, Intermediate  $\beta$ -shifts as greedy  $\beta$ -shifts with a hole *Acta Math. Hungar.* 170 269-301 (2023)
4. Sun Y, Li B and Ding Y. Topological Expansive Lorenz Maps with a Hole at Critical Point *J. Stat. Phys.* 191 50 (2024)

**Question:** If we consider the case  $(a, b) \subsetneq (0, c)$ , can we still obtain the devil's staircase with  $a$  being fixed? The problem is that the tools from Lorenz shifts cannot be used directly.

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# Thanks for your attention!